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STABLE INTERFERON BETA CATIPSN. + WITH HIGHLY PURIFIED INTERFERON BETA IN BUFFER CONTG. POLY VINYL-PYRROLIDONE

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Croydon Privaing Company Ltd

A stable interferon beta composition and a method of stabilizing interferon beta.

⁾ This invertion relates to a method of stabilizing interference β (Human Fibroblast Interferon (HFIF)), wherein a highly purified Interferon β solution, admixed with known exciplents therefor, is dislyced against an ecetate buffer at pH 3.5 for about 43 hours. The resulting Interferon β solution is admixed with from 0.5% to 10% witholums of polyvinyl pyrrolidene prior to or following filtration through a sterile filter, dispensed into glass yiels, lyophilized, and the yiels are scaled in view and stored at 4°C.

by means of vinyl pyrrolidone polymer, hereinafter designated P.V.P., a polymer which has been known for a long time exclusively as a clarifying agent in wines and as a dispersing and suspending agent for pharmaceutical compositions. P.V.P. has molecular weights ranging from 10,000 to 700,000 and it is marketed under trademarks such as POVIDONE et al, (see "The Merck Index", 9th edition, page 7485 under No. 7498).

This invention relates to a novel stable Interferon 3 composition comprising a buffered solution of highly purified Interferon 3 and conventional excipients, said solution being stabilized by 0.5 to 10% wt/volume of polyvinyl pyrrolidene.

This invention also relates to a method of stabilizing
15 Interferon β, wherein a highly purified Interferon β
solution, admixed with known excipients therefor, is
dialysed against an acetate buffer solution, the
resulting Interferonβ solution is admixed with from 0.5%
to 10% wt/volume of polyvinyl pyrrolidone prior to or
20 following filtration through a sterile filter, dispensed
into glass vials, lyophilized, and the vials are sealed
in vacuo and stored at 4°C. The dialysis is preferably
continued for about 48 hours.

The preferred excipients are mannitol and human serum abund (MSA). The acetate buffer used contains sodium acetate and sufficient acetic acid to adjust the pH to 3.5. P.V.P. marketed as POVIDONE, having a molecular weight of about 50,000, is the preferred stabilizer, but P.V.P., having lower or higher molecular weights has also proved to be highly effective as a stabilizer.

The preparation of the preferred inventive Interferon β composition will now be described in the following example. The preparation of the preferred inventive Interferon β

20 lts of aqueous acctate buffer solution having a pH=3.5 are prepared by dissolving 21.6 cc of acetic acid and 4.02 gms of sodium acetate in the required volume of distilled water.

The inner surface of a sterile dialysis bag is wetted with sufficient concentrated human serum albumin to 10 result in a 1% concentration in a highly purified Interferon β solution, having a specific activity of about 10⁷ international units per mg of protein, which is subjected to dialysis therein.

The resulting solution is dialysed against the acetate 15 buffer of pH 3.5 and at a temperature of 4°C for about 43 hours at a ratio of 1:100 Interferon \$\beta\$ solution to buffer solution with a change of the buffer solution after 24 hours.

The dialysed Interferon \$\beta\$ preparation is admixed with 20 mannitol 0.5 wt/volume final concentration and with P.V.P. at a 2% final concentration approximately prior to or following filtration through a sterile filter, previously imprognated with sufficient concentrated human serum albumin to raise the albumin concentration in the 25 filtrate to 2% wt/volume. The filtrate is collected in a sterile bottle.

The P.V.P. concentration is then finally adjusted to 2% wt/volume and the concentration of mannitol to 0.5% wt/volume, if necessary. The final volume of the solution 30 is adjusted with sterile acetate buffer.

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2 cc each of the solution obtained are dispensed into sterile glass vials by means of a sterile Cornwall syringe, followed by lyophilization and the vials are then scaled in vacuo and stored at 4°C. The contents of the vials are resuspended by the addition of 2 cc of bidistilled sterile water.

The composition of the final product per vial is as follows:

	Sodium Acetate AG	0.4	வது
10	Sodium Chloride AC	1.3	क्रम्
	Human Serum Albumin Fraction V	40.0	ngn
	Mannitol AG	10.0	ற ்குர
	PVP - Stabilizer	40.0	nCJ
	Muman Fibroblast Interferon	1.0 %	: 10 ⁶ I.U. (approximately)

- The effectiveness of P.V.P. of different molecular weights and in different concentrations on the stability of Interferon β in its compositions will now be illustrated by the following Tables 1 to 6 of which: Table (1) illustrates the effect of P.V.P. of molecular weight 24,000 at concentrations ranging from 0.5% to 5% on the stability of Interferon β in its inventive compositions immediately before and after lyophilization, and after storage for 1 to 4 months in sealed vials at 37°C. The
- compositions under identical conditions, using P.V.P. of molecular weights 50,000 and 160,000 respectively. Comparative data are reported in these tables for Interferon β compositions without P.V.P. and compositions containing sucrose or human serum albumin in various concentrations instead of P.V.P. Tables (4), (5) and (6)

data in Tables (2) and (3) illustrate the stability of the

centrations instead of P.V.P. Tables (4), (5) and (6) illustrate the relationship between the titre of inventive Interferon pccmpositions and their content of P.V.P.

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of the same molecular weights as in Tables (1), (2) and (3):

- (a) immediately after resuspension as hereinbefore described, and,
- 5 (b) after storage of the resuspended compositions for 1 month at 40C.

Comparative data for Interferon β compositions admixed with sucrose or human serum albumin are again given.

The following data and remarks are essential for the understanding of these tables:

- (a) The Human Fibroblast Interferon used in the compositions was initially purified to a specific activity ranging from 10⁶ to 10⁷ international units per mg of protein.
- 15 (b) The data in the Tables relating to the titres of Interferon β in admixture with P.V.P. in different concentrations are the averages of δ titration results and the data are expressed in megaunits per vial.
- (c) The difference in the initial titres of Inter feron β are due to the use of Interferon β from different
 batches which differ somewhat in their specific activity.

It is evident from the data reported in the tables that P.V.P. of different molecular weights have maximal stabilizing effectiveness when used in concentration of from

25 2 to 4% although the use of P.V.P. in concentrations of up to 10% also leads to positive stabilization results. Positive stabilization is also attained using P.V.P. having molecular weights from 10,000 to 700,000.

Othermodifications of the method described hereinbefore 30 are known to the man versed in the art and these are included therein provided that they fall within the ambit of the invention defined in the subsequent claims.

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Cons. of PVP	Titre before Lyophilization	Titre after Lyophilization	Titre after 1 Month at 37°C	Titre after 2 Nonths at 37°C	Titre after 3 Months at 37 C	Titre after 4 Konths at - 37°C
0.5	1.4	8.0	0.00	0.02	4 0.01	< 0.01
0.5.	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.0	0.2	0.20
:	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	0.9
2.5	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	0.0
3.	1.3	. 1.2	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1
·•	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0
· .	1.4	1.0	6.0	1.0	0.8	8.0
0 + Sucrose 5%	1.5	7.0	0.05	0.01	< 0.01	10.0 %
O + Sucrose 103	1.3	8.0	0.04	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0 + 115A 3\$	1.4	8.0	6.1	0.03	< 0.01	10.0 > .
0 + 11SA 45	1.3	0.9	0.1	0.05	0.02	10.0

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Polyvinylpyrrolidone 24000

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Conc. of PVP	Titra before Lyophillzation	Titre after Lyophilization	Tiure after 1 Month at 37°G	Tiles after 2 Houths at 37°C	Titre after 3 Hoaths 2* 3700	Titre after 4 Eouths et 37°C
0	1.1	0.7	90.0	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.5%	. 1.2	6.0	9.0	0.1	0.07	0.03
, u	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.8
2.6	. 1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0
38	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.1	0.9
₽	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.0
\$\$	1.0	0.0	0.1	0.8	0.7	0.0
0 + Sucrose St	1.1	9.0	0.07	0.03	< 0.01	< 0.01
0 + Sucrose 10%	1.2	0.8	0.05	0.01	A 0.01	< 0.01
0 + 11SA 3\$	1.2	0.8	0.03	0.03	< 6.01	4 0.01
0 + 115A 4%	1.1	0.8	0.10	0.03	0.01	7 0.01

Polyvinylpyrrolidons 50000

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fter Titre after Titre after ization 1 Month 2 Months at 37 C	•	rotyvinytpyrrotidone.	160.000	Table 3	nl		
0.6 0.05 0.06 1.0 0.05 0.06 1.5 1.0 0.6 1.5 1.3 1.4 1.4 1.3 1.4 1.3 1.4 1.3 0.9 0.05 0.01 0.8 0.08 0.04 1.0 0.1 0.04		Titre before lyophilization	Titre after Iyophilization	Titre after 1 Month at 37 C	Titre after 2 Months at 37 C	Titre after 3 Honths at 37 G	Titre after 4 Fouths at 37°C
1.0 0.05 0.06 1.5 1.0 0.6 1.5 1.3 1.4 1.4 1.3 1.4 1.3 1.4 1.3 1.3 1.4 1.3 0.9 0.05 0.01 0.8 0.05 1.0 0.1 0.04 1.0 0.1 0.04	3.0	1.5	. 0.8	0.05	0.01	7 101 7	
1.3 1.0 0.6 1.6 1.5 1.3 1.7 1.4 1.3 1.3 1.4 1.3 1.3 1.4 1.3 0.9 0.04 0.01 0.8 0.08 0.04 1.0 0.01	0.5%	1.4	1.0	0.05	0.00	50.0	0.01
1.6 1.5 1.3 1.7 1.4 1.3 1.3 1.4 1.3 0.9 0.04 0.01 0.6 0.05 0.8 0.08 0.04 1.0 0.1 0.04	*	1.6	1.3	1.0	9.0	9.0	6.03
1.5 1.3 1.4 1.3 1.4 1.3 0.9 0.04 0.01 0.6 0.05 0.8 0.08 0.04 1.0 0.1 0.04	\$2 	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.3	F. 1	· ~
1.4 1.3 1.4 1.3 1.4 1.3 0.9 0.04 0.01 0.8 0.08 0.04 1.0 0.1		1.5	1.5	1.3	1.4		? .
1.3 1.4 1.3 0.9 0.04 0.01 0.8 0.08 0.04 1.0 0.1 0.04	**	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.4		7.7
0.9 0.04 0.01 0.6 0.05 < 0.01 0.8 0.08 0.04	S.	1.7	1.3	1.4	F. T	 	7.1
0.6 0.05 < 0.01 0.8 0.08 0.04	0 + Sucrose	51 1.7	6.0.	0.0	 		1.2
1.4 0.8 0.08 0.04	0 + Sucrose	101 1.3	9.0	0.05	10 0 2	10.07	<0.01
1.5	0 + 115A 38	1.4	0.8	0.03		. 0.01	< 0.01
60.0	0 + 11SA 4%	1.5	1.0	0.1	0.03	< 0.01 < 0.01	< 0.01 < 0.01

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Table	-

Conc. of PVP	Titre of IP With resuspension	Titre of IF I Month after resuspensien
		stored at 4°C
•0	0.8	. <0.01
* C	1.0	0.3
7.5	1.3	9.0
5 12	1.3	1.2
	. 1.2	1.1
,	1.4	1.2
O + Sucross	1.0	1.1
0 + Sucrose 10%	. 0.0	< 0.01
0 + 11SA 3\$	0.8	< 0.01
0 + 11SA 41	0.8	< 0.01
•	6.0	40.01

Polyvinyl pyrrolidone 24030

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Conc of PVI	Titre of IF with resuspension	Titre of IF 1 Nonth
		3, 1, 1, 6, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
٥, ٥	0.7	
3, 5.0	6.0	70:01
	•	o.s.
^	1.1	0.8
72	1.1	1.0
	1.2	
, v	1.2	1.2
0 + Sucress 5%	6.0	1.0
0 + Sucrosa 10%	ο α	10.03
0 + 115A 33	o	< 0.01
0 + 115A 4%		< 0.0i
	.0.0	0.08

Polyvinyl pyrrolidone 50000

Table 6	Titre of IF With resuspension	1.0 1.0 1.0 0.8 1.5 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.4 1.3 0.9 20.01 20.01 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
	Conc. of PVP	0.5% 1% 2% 2% 5.43% 5.43% 6.9 0 + Sucroso 5% 0 + Sucroso 10% 0 + 115A 3% 0 + 115A 4%

CLAIMS:

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- 1. A stable Interferon β composition comprising a buffered solution of highly purified Interferon β and conventional excipients, said solution being stabilized by 0.5 to 10% wt/volume of polyvinyl pyrrolidone.
 - 2. A composition as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the excipients are mannitol and human serum albumin.
- J. A composition as claimed in Claim 1 or 2,wherein the buffer is an acetate buffer having a ph of 3.5.
 - 4. A composition as claimed in any one of the preceding claims packaged in a glass vial, lyophilized and sealed in vacuo.
- 15 5. A method of stabilizing Interferon β , wherein a highly purified Interferon β solution, admixed with known excipients therefor, is dialysed against an acetate buffer solution, the resulting Interferon β solution is admixed with from 0.5 to 10% wt/volume
- of polyvinyl pyrrolidone prior to or following filtration through a sterile filter, dispensed into glass vials, lyophilized, and the vials are sealed in vacuo and stored at 4°C.
- 6. A stabilized Interferon β composition whenever obtained by the method claimed in Claim 5.